## FINISH

A boat finishes when, after starting, any part of her hull crosses the finishing line from the course side. However, she has not finished if after crossing the finishing line she
(a) takes a penalty under rule 44.2,
(b) corrects an error in sailing the course made at the line, or
(c) continues to sail the course.

You finish when any part of your hull (not your crew or equipment) crosses the finishing line. Therefore, in a strong adverse current for example, all you need to do is get your bow across the finishing line to get your finishing place or time. Rule 28.1 (Sailing the Race) states, "After finishing she need not cross the finishing line completely."

The "hull" is the boat's main body or shell. Things protruding from the hull such as bowsprits are typically not part of the "hull." Sailors and race officials will need to check with class rules, the World Sailing Equipment Rules of Sailing and a dictionary to determine what the "hull" includes in each class.

If you foul a boat at the finishing line or touch a finishing mark, it's possible that you will have crossed the finishing line before doing your penalty turns (see rule 44.2, Penalties at the Time of an Incident). That is not a problem. Simply get clear of other boats, do your penalty turn(s) and then cross the finishing line again. You finish when you cross the finishing line after taking your penalty; i.e., the first time you crossed the line will be disregarded.

If you do not finish correctly, the race committee is required to score you DNF (Did not finish) without needing to protest you (rule A5.1, Scores Deter-mined by the Race Committee). If you feel it has incorrectly scored you DNF, you can request redress under rule 62.1 (a) (Redress). However, if you finish, but the race committee thinks it saw you touch a finishing mark or foul another boat and you do not take a penalty, it must score you as having finished and then it can protest you for breaking rule 31 (Touching a Mark) or the appropriate racing rule in accordance with rules 60.2 (Right to Protest; Right to Request Redress or Rule 69 Action) and 61 (Protest Requirements).


White wins because her bull crosses the finishing line before Gray's hull. The position of $\square$ the sails and equipment are no longer relevant for determining when a boat finishes.

Note, if the race committee thinks you skipped a mark $\emptyset \mathrm{r}$ otherwise failed $\square$ to sail the course■orrectly, it is required to score you NSC (Did not sail the $\square$ course) without needing to protest you (rule A5.1, Scores Determined by the $\square$ Race Committee). Again, if you feel it has incorrectly scored you NSC, you can§equest redress under rule 62.1(a).

Sometimes, when coming up to a finishing line, it is not always clear which $\square$ way to go across it. The definition says that a boat finishes $\square$ when she crosses the finishing line from the course side. The "course side" is the side the last $\ddagger$ nark $\square f$ the course prior to the finishing line is on. Therefore, simply cross the ine in the natural direction from the last mark $\square$ you rounded or passed, regard-less of any required sides either of the finishing marks may have had at othertimes during the race (see Cases 45 and 129). "If the race committee shortens the course at a leeward mark that was supposed to be left to port, but anchors the committee boat to the left of the mark looking downwind, do I cross the finishing line leaving the mark to starboard, or do I hook around the mark and leave it to port?



Boat $X$ finishes when she crosses the finishing line the third time.

You cross the finishing line from the "course side," which means leaving the mark to starboard. Case 129 says, "After the race committee shortens the course, the mark is no longer a rounding mark. It becomes a finishing mark (see rule 32.2). To comply with rule 28, boats must finish in accordance with the defini-tion Finish. Therefore they must cross the finishing line from its course side." And if you realize you have crossed the finishing line in the wrong direction, you can correct your error so that your course complies with rule 28.1 (Sailing the Race). Remember that this may require that you "unwind your string" first before crossing the line in the correct direction (see the definition Sail the Course).

Finally, there are times when the course requires boats to sail through a gate after each lap, or the course is windward/leeward twice around with the start/ finish line in the middle of the beat. If boats cross the line on their way to the windward mark, they are continuing to sail the course, and therefore they have not "finished."

