US Safety Equipment Requirements

Stability

Hull and

Structure: Stability

the requirements of ISO 12217-2B.

.2.3 comply with the requirements of Appendix II.

A boat with moveable or variable ballast (water or canting keel) shall

Note: Organizing Authorities are free to add items in beige tint, or other appropriate items, based on the conditions of their specific races. Effective Date: 4/23/2014 For use by Inspectors US US US Vessel Inspector Compliance Y/N Section Name # Requirement Ocean Coastal Nearshore Comments Definition 1.0.1 Long distance races, well offshore, where rescue may be delayed Races not far removed from shorelines, where rescue is likely to be Definition Races intended to be sailed during the day, close to shore, in relatively Definition 1.0.3 protected waters The Minimum Equipment Requirements establish uniform minimun equipment and training standards for a variety of boats racing in differing conditions. These regulations do not replace, but rather supplement, the requirements of the US Coast Guard, the Racing Rules of Sailing (RRS), the Overall rules of Class Associations and all applicable rating rules. The safety of a boat and her crew is the sole and inescapable responsibility of the "person in charge", as per RRS 46, who shall ensure that the boat is seaworthy and manned by an experienced crew with sufficient ability and experience to face bad weather. S/he shall be satisfied as to the soundness of hull, spars, rigging, sails and all gear. S/he shall ensure that all safety equipment is at all times properly maintained and safely stowed and that the crew knows where it is kept and how it is Overall: Responsibility A boat may be inspected at any time by an inspector or measurer of the Organizing Authority. If she does not comply with these regulations her Overall: entry may be rejected, or will be liable to disqualification, or such other nspections penalty as may be prescribed by the race protest committee All equipment required shall function properly, be regularly checked, cleaned and serviced, and be of a type, size and capacity suitable for the intended use and size of the boat and the size of the crew, who will have Overall: practiced with the use of equipment. This equipment shall be readily Equipment and accessible while underway and, when not in use, stored in such a way that deterioration is minimized. nowledge Overall: Secure A boat's heavy items such as batteries, stoves, toolboxes, anchors, chain and internal ballast shall be secured. Storage A boat shall be strongly built, watertight and, particularly with regard to hulls, decks and cabin trunks, capable of withstanding solid water and knockdowns. A boat shall be properly rigged and ballasted, be fully Overall: Strength seaworthy and shall meet the standards set forth herein. A boat's of Build shrouds and at least one forestay shall remain attached at all times. Overall: A boat's hull, including, deck, coach roof, windows, hatches and all other Watertight parts, shall form an integral watertight unit and any openings in it shall be ntegrity capable of being immediately secured to maintain this integrity. Hull Construction Standards - Scantlings with plan review approval - (See Overall: Scantling Appendix I) Hull and A boat's companionway(s) shall be capable of being blocked off to main Structure: Hull deck level. The method of blocking should be solid watertight and rigidly Openings secured, if not permanent. Hull and A boat's hatch boards, whether or not in position in the hatchway, shall be Structure: Hull secured to the boat (e.g. by a lanyard) for the duration of the race to Openings prevent their being lost overboard. Hull and A boat's entire cockpit shall be solid, watertight, strongly fastened and/or Structure: sealed. Weather-tight seat hatches are acceptable only if capable of being Cockpit secured when closed. Hull and A boat's cockpit drains shall be capable of draining six inches of water in 5 minutes. One square inch (645mm2) of effective drain per eight square Structure: Cockpit feet (0.743m2) of cockpit sole will meet this requirement. A boat's maximum cockpit volume for cockpits not open to the sea. including any compartments capable of flooding, to lowest points of Hull and coaming over which water can adequately escape, shall not exceed 0.06 > LOA x Max. Beam x Freeboard aft. The cockpit sole shall be at least 0.02 x Structure: L above LWL Cockpit A boat's maximum cockpit volume for cockpits not open to the sea, including any compartments capable of flooding, to lowest points of coaming over which water can adequately escape, shall not exceed 0.08 x LOA x Max. Beam x Freeboard aft. The cockpit sole shall be at least 0.02 x 2.1.5. L above LWL A boat's through-hull openings below the waterline shall be equipped Hull and with sea cocks or valves, except for integral deck scuppers, speed Structure: transducers, depth finder transducers and the like; however a means of Through Hulls closing such openings shall be provided Hull and Structure The boat must have a stability index greater than or equal to 115, or mee Stability 2.2.1 the requirements of ISO 12217-2A Hull and The boat must have a stability index greater than or equal to 103 or meet Structure

Section Name	#	Requirement	US Ocean	US Coastal	US Nearshore	Vessel Compliance Y/N	Inspector Comments
Hull and							
Structure:							
Accommodation	221	A boat shall be equipped with a head or a fitted bucket.	х				
Hull and	2.3.1	A boat shall be equipped with a head of a fitted bucket.	X				
Structure:							
Accommodation	222	A hand about he will be used to select the selection of t					
s Hull and	2.3.2	A boat shall have bunks sufficient to accommodate the off-watch crew.	Х				
Structure:							
Accommodation							
s Hull and	2.3.3	A boat shall have a stove with a fuel shutoff.	Х				
Structure:							
Accommodation							
s Hull and	2.3.4	A boat shall have an installed water tank and delivery system.	х				
Structure:							
Accommodation							
S	2.3.5	A boat shall have adequate hand holds below decks.	х				
Hull and		A boat's deck including the headstay shall be surrounded by a suitably					
Structure:		strong enclosure, typically consisting of lifelines and pulpits, meeting the					
Lifelines	2.4.1	requirements in 2.4.2 to 2.4.8.	х	x			
Hull and Structure:		A boat's stanchion and pulpit bases shall be within the working deck.					
Lifelines	2.4.2	Stanchions used with HMPE shall have rounded openings to reduce chafe.	х	x			
Hull and							
Structure: Lifelines	212	Bow pulpits may be open, but the opening between the vertical portion of stanchion pulpit and any part of the boat shall not exceed 14.2" (360mm).	х	x			
Lifelines	2.4.3	Stantinon pulpit and any part of the boat shall not exceed 14.2 (500mm).	X	*			
		Lifelines may be either uncoated stainless steel wire or high molecular					
		weight polyethylene (HMPE) line with spliced terminations or terminals specifically intended for the purpose. A multipart-lashing segment not to					
		exceed 4" per end termination for the purpose of attaching lifelines to					
Hull and		pulpits is allowed. Lifelines shall be taut (see appendix for requirements).					
Structure: Lifelines	2.4.4	When HMPE is used, the load-bearing portion (core) shall meet or exceed minimum diameter requirements.	х	x			
Hull and		and districted requirements.					
Structure:		The maximum spacing between the bases of lifeline supports (e.g.					
Lifelines	2.4.5	stanchions and pulpits) shall be 87" (2.2m).	х	X			
		Boats under 30 feet (9.14m) shall have at least one lifeline with 18"					
Hull and		(457mm) minimum height above deck, and a maximum vertical gap of 18"					
Structure:	2.4.6	(457mm). Taller heights will require a second lifeline. The minimum					
Lifelines	2.4.6	diameter shall be 1/8" (3mm).	Х	X			
		Boats 30 feet and over (9.14m) shall have at least two lifelines with 24"					
Hull and		(762mm) minimum height above deck, and a maximum vertical gap of 15"					
Structure: Lifelines	2.4.7	(381mm). The minimum diameter will be 5/32" (4mm) for boats to 43' (13.1m) and 3/16" (5mm) for boats over 43' (13.1m).	x	x			
		Toe rails shall be fitted around the foredeck from the base of the mast					
Hull and		with a minimum height of 3/4" (18mm) for boats under 30' (9.14m) and 1" (25mm) for boats over 30'. An additional installed lifeline that is 1-2" (25-					
Structure:		51mm) above the deck will satisfy this requirement for boats without					
Lifelines	2.4.8	toerails.	x	X			
		A boat shall have a permanently installed manual bilge pump of at least a					
		10 gallons per minute (GPM) capacity and which is operable from on deck with the cabin closed with the discharge not dependent on an open hatch.					
Hull and		Unless permanently attached to the pump, the bilge pump handle shall be					
Structure:		securely attached to the boat in its vicinity via a lanyard or catch. A bilge					
Dewatering pumps	2.5 1	pump discharge shall not be connected to a cockpit drain. The bilge pump shall not discharge into a cockpit unless that cockpit opens aft to the sea.	x	x			
Hull and	2.J.1	and the discharge into a cockpit unless that cockpit opens art to the Sed.	Α	^			
Structure:		A boat shall have a second permanently installed manual bilge pump of at					
Dewatering pumps	252	least 10 GPM capacity, operable from below deck, meeting the same criteria as above.	x				
Hull and			^				
Structurea:							
Dewatering pumps	252	A boat shall have a manual bilge pump of at least a 10 GPM capacity.			×		
		and a support of the capacity.			~		
Hull and							
Structure: Mast and Rigging	2.6	A boat shall have the heel of a keel-stepped mast securely fastened to the mast step or adjoining structure.	х				
			Α				
Hull and		A boat shall have a mechanical propulsion system that is quickly available					
Structure: Mechanical		and capable of driving the boat at a minimum speed in knots equivalent to					
Propulsion	2.7.1	the square root of LWL in feet (1.81 times the square root of the waterline in meters) for 10 hours.	х				
Hull and		A boat shall have a mechanical propulsion system that is quickly available					
Structure: Mechanical		and capable of driving the boat at a minimum speed in knots equivalent to the square root of LWL in feet (1.8 times the square root of the waterline					
Propulsion	2.7.2	in meters) for 4 hours.		x			

Section Name	#	Requirement	US Ocean	US Coastal	US Nearshore	Vessel Compliance Y/N	Inspector Comments
Structure:							
Mechanical		The boat's engine and generator installation (if so equipped) must					
Propulsion	2.7.3	conform to ABYC, ISO and/or U.S. Coast Guard standards.	Х	X			
Safety Equipment:		Each crewmember shall have a life jacket that provides at least 33.7lbs (150N) of buoyancy, intended to be worn over the shoulders (no belt pack), meeting either U.S. Coast Guard or ISO specifications. Life jackets shall be equipped with crotch or leg straps, a whistle, a waterproof light, be fitted with marine-grade retro-reflective material, and be clearly marked with the boat's or wearer's name, and be compatible with the wearer's safety harness. If the life jacket is inflatable, it shall be regularly checked for air retention. Leg or crotch straps will be required starting 01/01/2014. Alternatively, each crewmember shall have a U.S. Coast Guard approved Type I life jacket equipped with crotch or leg straps, a whistle, a waterproof light, retro-reflective material, marked with the boat					
Personal	3.1.1	or owner's name, which is compatible with a safety harness.	Х	Х			
Safety Equipment: Personal	3.1.2	Each crewmember shall have a U.S. Coast Guard approved Type III or Type V life jacket intended for small boat sailing or other active boating for each crewmember or an inflatable life jacket as described above.			x		
Safety Equipment: Personal	3.1.4	Each crewmember shall have a safety harness and compatible safety tether not more than 7 feet (2.13m) long with a minimum tensile strength of 4500 lb. (20kN). The tether shall have a snap hook at its far end and a means to quickly disconnect the tether at the chest end.	х	x			
	3.2.1	A boat shall carry jacklines with a breaking strength of at least 4500 lb. (20kN) which allow the crew to reach all points on deck, connected to similarly strong attachment points, in place while racing.	х	x			
	3.2.2	A boat shall have adequate clipping points or jacklines that allow the crew to clip on before coming on deck and unclip after going below.	х				
Safety Equipment: Navigation	3.3.1	A boat racing between sunset and sunrise shall carry navigation lights that meet U. S. Coast Guard requirements mounted so that they will not be obscured by the sails nor be located below deck level.	x	x	x		
Safety Equipment: Navigation		A boat shall have a second set of navigation lights that comply with US Coast Guard requirements and which can be connected to a different power source than the primary lights.	х	х			
Safety Equipment: Fire Extinguishers	3.4	A boat shall carry fire extinguisher(s) that meets U.S. Coast Guard requirements, when applicable.	x	х	x		
Safety Equipment: Sound Producing Equipment	3.5	A boat shall carry a sound-making device that meets U.S. Coast Guard requirements, when applicable.	х	x	x		
	3.6.1	A boat shall carry SOLAS orange smoke flares not older than the expiration date.	2	1			
Safety Equipment: Visual Distress Signals	3.6.2	A boat shall carry SOLAS red parachute flares not older than the expiration date.	6	2			
Safety Equipment: Visual Distress Signals	3.6.3	A boat shall carry SOLAS red hand flares not older than the expiration date.	4	2			
Safety Equipment: Visual Distress Signals	3.6.4	A boat shall carry U.S. Coast Guard flares meeting day-night requirements not older than the expiration date.			х		
Safety Equipment: Visual Distress Signals	3.6.5	Boat flares stored inside of life rafts may not be used to satisfy the flare requirement.	x	х			
Safety Equipment: Man Overboard	3.7.1	A boat shall carry a Lifesling or equivalent man overboard rescue device equipped with a self igniting light stored on deck and ready for immediate use.	х	x			
Safety Equipment: Man Overboard	3.7.2	A boat shall have a man overboard pole and flag, with a lifebuoy, a self-igniting light, a whistle, and a drogue attached. A self-inflating MOB module, Dan Buoy or similar device will satisfy this requirement. Self-inflating apparatus shall be tested and serviced in accordance with the manufacturer's specifications. These items shall be stored on deck, ready for immediate use, and affixed in a manner that allows for a "quick release".	x	x			

Section Name	#	Requirement	US Ocean	US Coastal	US Nearshore	Vessel Compliance Y/N	Inspector Comments
Safety							
Equipment: Man Overboard	3.7.3	A boat shall have a throwing sock-type heaving line of 50' (15m) or greater of floating polypropylene line readily accessible to the cockpit.	х	x	×		
Safety		A boat shall carry a Coast Guard approved Type IV "throwable device". If					
Equipment:		the device carried under 3.7.1 satisfies this requirement, then no					
Man Overboard	3.7.4	additional device is needed.	Х	X	Х		
		A boat shall have a permanently installed 25-watt VHF radio connected to a masthead antenna by a co-axial feeder cable with no more than a 40%					
Safety		power loss. After 01/01/2015 all radios shall have DSC capability, have an					
Equipment: Emergency		antenna of at least 15" (381mm) in length, be connected to or have an					
. ,	3.8.1	internal GPS, and have the assigned MMSI number (unique to the boat) programed into the VHF.	х	x			
Safety							
Equipment:		A boat shall have a watertight handheld VHF radio or a handheld VHF					
Emergency Communications	3.8.2	radio with waterproof cover. After 01/01/2015, this radio shall have DSC/GPS capability.	x	×	×		
Safety Equipment:		A boat shall have an emergency VHF antenna. After 01/01/2015 the					
Emergency	202	emergency antenna shall be equipped with sufficient coax to reach the deck, and have a minimum antenna length of 15" (381mm).	x				
Communications	3.0.3	ueck, and have a minimum antenna length of 13 (361mm).					
Safety Equipment:		A boat shall have an AIS transponder with a masthead mounted antenna					
Emergency		of at least 15" (381mm) in length. The AIS can use the boat's VHF antenna					
Communications	3.9	if a low loss AIS antenna splitter is used.	X				
Safety Equipment:							
Emergency							
Communications	3.10	A boat shall carry a cellular phone in a waterproof container.					
Safety							
Equipment: Emergency							
Communications	3.11	A boat shall carry a satellite telephone in a waterproof container.					
Safety							
Equipment: Emergency		A boat shall carry man overboard alarms for each crewmember based on					
Communications	3.12	AIS or other method.					
Safety							
Equipment: Emergency		A boat shall have a method of receiving weather information in addition					
Communications	3.13	to the fixed mount and hand held VHF radio.	Х				
Safety							
Equipment: Emergency							
Communications	3.14	A boat shall carry a GPS receiver.	x	x			
Safety							
Equipment: Emergency		A boat shall carry an electronic means to record the position of a man overboard within ten seconds. This may be the same instrument listed in					
Communications	3.15	3.14.	x	x			
Safety		A boat shall carry a 406MHz EPIRB that is properly registered to the boat.					
Equipment:		This device shall either have an internal GPS (self-locating) or be					
Emergency Communications	3.16.1	connected to a continuously functioning external GPS. After 01/01/2016, this device shall be equipped with an internal GPS.	x				
Safety		A boat shall carry either a 406MHz EPIRB which is properly registered to					
Equipment:		the boat, or a floating 406MHz Personal Locator Beacon, registered to the					
Emergency Communications	3.16.2	owner with a notation in the registration that it is aboard the boat. After 01/01/2016, this device shall be equipped with an internal GPS.		x			
Safety Equipment:							
Navigation	3.17	A boat shall have a knotmeter and/or distance-measuring instrument.	x				
Safety Equipment:		A boat shall have a permanently installed depth sounder that can					
Navigation	3.18	measure to depths of at least 200 ft. (61m).	x	x			
Safety Equipment:		A boat shall have a permanently mounted magnetic compass independent					
Navigation Safety	3.19.1	of the boat's electrical system suitable for steering at sea.	X	x	X		
Equipment:		A boat shall have a second magnetic compass suitable for steering at sea					
Navigation Safety	3.19.2	which may be handheld.	X				
Equipment:	2 20	A boat shall have non-electronic charts that are appropriate for the race					
_	3.20	area.	х	X			
Safety Equipment:		A boat shall have the ability to display sail numbers and letters of the size carried on the mainsail by an alternative means when none of the					
Damage Control	3.21	numbered sails is set.	x				

Section Name	#	Requirement	US Ocean	US Coastal	US Nearshore	Vessel Compliance Y/N	Inspector Comments
Safety		A boat shall carry soft plugs of an appropriate material, tapered and of the					
Equipment:	2 22	appropriate size, attached or stowed adjacent to every through-hull					
Damage Control	3.22	opening. A boat shall carry one anchor, meeting the anchor manufacturer's	Х	X			
		recommendations based on the yacht's size, with a suitable combination					
Gear: Anchoring	3.23	of chain and line.	x	x	x		
		A boat shall carry a watertight, high-powered searchlight, suitable for					
Gear: Lights	3.24.1	searching for a person overboard at night or for collision avoidance.	Х	X			
Gear: Lights	3 24 2	A boat shall carry a watertight flashlight for each crewmember with spare batteries in addition to the above.	x				
Ccur Ligitis	3.E	A boat shall carry at least two watertight flashlights with spare batteries in					
Gear: Lights	3.24.3	addition to the requirement of 3.24.1.		x	x		
Gear: Medical	2 25	A boat shall carry a first aid kit and first aid manual suitable for the likely					
Kits	3.25	conditions of the passage and the number of crew aboard.	X	X	X		
Gear: Radar		A boat shall carry an 11.5" (292mm) diameter or greater octahedral radar					
	3.26	reflector or one of equivalent performance.	x	x			
Gear:		A boat shall carry a sturdy bucket(s) of at least two gallons (8 liters)					
Dewatering	3.27	capacity with lanyards attached.	2	2	1		
		A heat shall post a durable waterproof diagram or shart locating the					
Gear: Safety		A boat shall post a durable, waterproof diagram or chart locating the principal items of safety equipment and through hulls in the main					
	3.28	accommodation area where it can be easily seen.	х				
Gear:		A boat shall have an emergency tiller, capable of being fitted to the rudder					
	3.29.1	stock.	Х				
Gear:		Wheel steered heets shall have an amarganautillar canable of heing					
Emergency Steering	3 29 2	Wheel steered boats shall have an emergency tiller, capable of being fitted to the rudder stock.		×			
occornig	5.25.2	Titled to the radder stoom					
Gear: Spare		A boat shall carry tools and spare parts, including an effective means to					
Parts	3.30	quickly disconnect or sever the standing rigging from the hull.	x				
		All lifesaving equipment shall bear retro-reflective material and be marked					
		with the yacht's or wearer's name. The exception would be for new equipment or rented equipment (e.g. life rafts) that would require the					
		unpacking of sealed equipment in order to meet this requirement. The					
Gear:		boat name shall be stenciled on during the first servicing of any new					
Identification	3.31	equipment.	x	x			
Carry Carlosit		A brook about a source about the first about and an overland and					
Gear: Cockpit Knife	3.32	A boat shall carry a strong, sharp knife, sheathed and securely restrained which is readily accessible from the deck and/or cockpit.	х				
· · · · · ·	5.52	Which is readily accession from the deal and/or complete					
Sails: Mainsail		A boat shall have a mainsail reefing capable of reducing the luff length by					
Reefing	3.33.1	at least 10%:	x	х			
		A boat shall carry a trysail, with the boat's sail number displayed on both					
		sides, which can be set independently of the main boom, has an area less					
		than 17.5% of E x P, and which is capable of being attached to the mast.					
		Storm sails manufactured after 01/01/2014 shall be constructed from a					
Sails: Trysail	3.33.2	highly visible material:	X				
Sails: Headsails	2 22 2	A boat shall carry a heavy-weather jib (or heavy-weather sail in a yacht with no forestay) of area not greater than 13.5% height of the foretriangle	v				
Salis. Headsalis	3.33.3	with no forestay) of area not greater than 13.3% neight of the forethangle	Х				
		A boat shall carry a storm jib not exceeding 5% of the yacht's I dimension					
		squared, an equipped with an alternative means of attachment to the					
		headstay in the event of a failure of the head foil. Storm sails					
Sails: Headsails	3 33 4	manufactured after 01/01/2014 shall be constructed from a highly visible material.	v				
Rigging:	3.33.2	A boat shall not be rigged with any halyard that requires a person to go	Х				
	3.35	aloft in order to lower a sail.	x	x			
			·				
Rigging: Boom	2 20	A boat shall have a means to prevent the boom from dropping if support					
Support	3.36	from the mainsail or halyard fails.	Х	X			
		A boat shall carry 1 gallon (3.785 liters) per crewmember of emergency					
		drinking water in sealed containers in addition to any other water carried					
Supplies: Water	3.37	aboard the boat and it shall be aboard after finishing.	х				
Cumpling Datis	2 20	A boat shall carry adequate food, energy bars, and snacks to maintain					
Supplies: Rations 3.38		crew stamina as described in the Notice of Race.					
		A boat shall carry adequate inflatable life raft(s) designed for saving life at					
		sea with designed capacity for containing entire crew. The raft shall be					
		SOLAS, ISAF, ISO 9650-1, or ORC approved. The raft shall be stored in such					
		a way that it is capable of being launched within 15 seconds. The life raft					
		shall hold a current certificate of inspection. Boats built after 01/06/2001 shall have the life raft stowed in a deck mounted rigid container or stowed					
		in watertight or self draining purpose built rigid compartment(s) opening					
Gear: Life Rafts	3.39	adjacent to the cockpit of the working deck.	х				
		A boat shall have a grab bag with a lanyard and clip for each life raft. The					
		grab bag shall have inherent flotation and be of a bright fluorescent color					
Gear: Life Rafts	3.40	containing at least an EPIRB, and a watertight handheld VHF radio. The VHF radio and EPIRB need not be in addition to the prior requirements.	x				
Jean Life Natio	J.70		^				

			US	US	US	Vessel	Inspector
Section Name	#	Requirement	Ocean	Coastal	Nearshore	Compliance Y/N	Comments
		A handla say, shall be assessed as the bank and a fine size that hand					
C1 :11		A boat's crew shall be aware of multiple methods of steering the boat					
Skills:		with the rudder disabled, and shall have chosen and practiced one					
Emergency		method of steering the boat with the rudder disabled and be prepared to					
Steering	4.1	demonstrate said method of steering both upwind and downwind.	Х	X			
		Annually, two-thirds of the boat's racing crew shall practice man-					
		,,					
		overboard procedures appropriate for the boat's size and speed. The					
C1:11		practice shall consist of marking and returning to a position on the water,					
Skills: Man		and demonstrating a method of hoisting a crewmember back on deck, or					
Overboard	4.2	other consistent means of reboarding the crewmember.	Х	X	X		
		At least 30% of those aboard the boat, but not fewer than two members					
		of the crew, unless racing single-handed, including the person in charge,					
Chilles Cofety et							
Skills: Safety at	424	shall have attended a one-day or two-day US Sailing Safety at Sea Seminar					
Sea Training	4.3.1	within the last 5 years, or other courses as accepted by US Sailing.	Х				
		At least 30% of those aboard the boat, but not fewer than two members					
		of the crew, unless racing single handed, including the person in charge,					
		shall have attended a half-day, one-day, or two-day US Sailing Safety at					
Skills: Safety at		Sea Seminar within the last 5 years, or other courses as accepted by US					
Sea Training	132	Sailing (required after 01/01/2015).		x			
Sea Training	4.3.2	Sailing (required after 01/01/2015).		X		1	